Wetland Assessment Toolbox

Developed by

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For

Brevard County
Natural Resource Management Office

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The toolbox has been developed in order to help end-users utilize the wetland assessment tool. The toolbox follows the assessment of a wetland throughout the process.

Wetlands are assessed on two criteria. The two criteria are whether the wetlands are "landscape level" or they are considered "high-functioning."

First determine if the wetland is or part of a landscape level wetland system. This is done by analyzing a combination of parameters that include location, hydrologic connectivity and size of the wetland system. If the wetland system is located within the landscape level polygon **AND** is defined as hydrologically connected to the St. Johns River or the Indian River watersheds **OR** five (5) acres or greater in size than the system is determined to be a landscape level system. Potential impacts to the wetland will have to be evaluated by the County Commission.

Then the wetland will be assessed to determined if it is a high-functioning wetland system. If the system is determined to be high-functioning, impacts to the system will have to be evaluated by the County Commission.

The high-functioning wetland assessment method is composed of three components: landscape, water environment, and vegetative community.

The steps of high-functioning wetland assessment are as follows::

- 1. Calculate the acreage of the surrounding land uses within a 100m buffer.
- 2. Start landscape component, input the acreage of each land use, the tool calculates LSI.
- 3. Estimate the water quality treatment category score estimate the percentage of each category.
- 4. Determine the hydrologic indicator score based on the indicators observed within the wetland.
- 5. Determine the percentage of appropriate wetland vegetation coverage.
- 6. Determine the percentage of exotic or invasive plant species coverage.
- 7. Determine the final score.
- 8. If the score is 0.70 or greater the wetland is considered High-Functioning.

A spreadsheet has been developed to facilitate the calculations. The toolbox will utilize the spreadsheet for the calculations.

Landscape Level Analysis

IS the wetland five (5) acres or larger?

YES the wetland is considered *Landscape Level*

NO Continue to location analysis

IS the wetland located within the Landscape Level Polygon and determined to be hydrologically connected to the St. Johns River or Indian River Lagoon watershed?

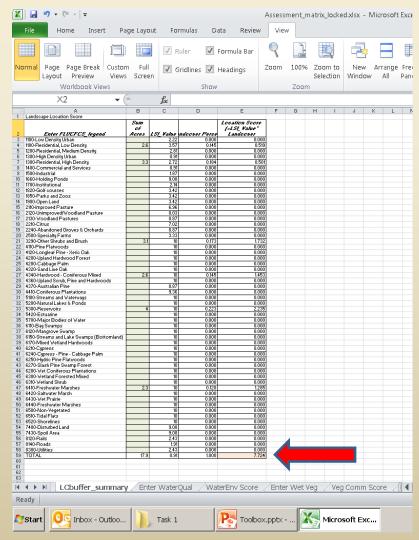
YES the wetland is considered *Landscape Level*

NO Continue to evaluate if the wetland is High-Functioning

Landscape Assessment

The table calculates the percentage and multiplies the coefficient and percentage, then all the products of the calculations are summed, resulting in a score from 1-10.

If an exact FLUCFCS code is not included, the next closest code should be used for the calculations.

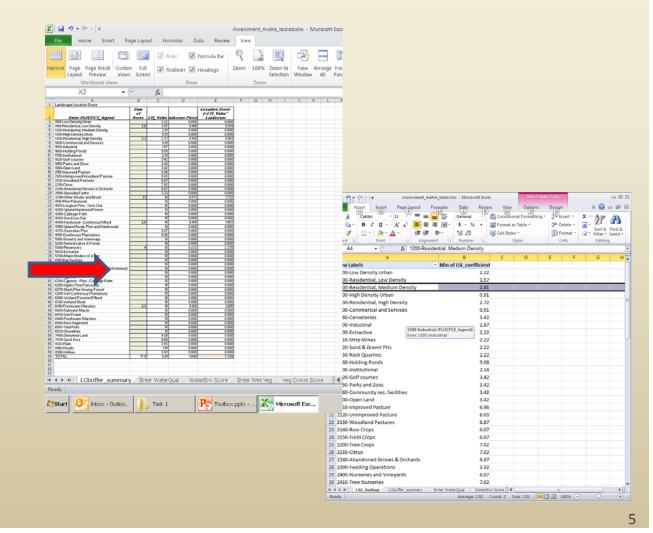


This score is forwarded to the Wetland Score tab.

Landscape Assessment

The landscape assessment is evaluated using a Landscape Support Index

- Input the acreage of each surrounding landscape type in a 100m buffer surrounding the wetland
- Coefficients for each landscape type are identified in the table, by typing the FLUCFCS_Legend the table populates the LSI_Value



Water Environment

The water quality and timing is assessed using observational data in two parts.

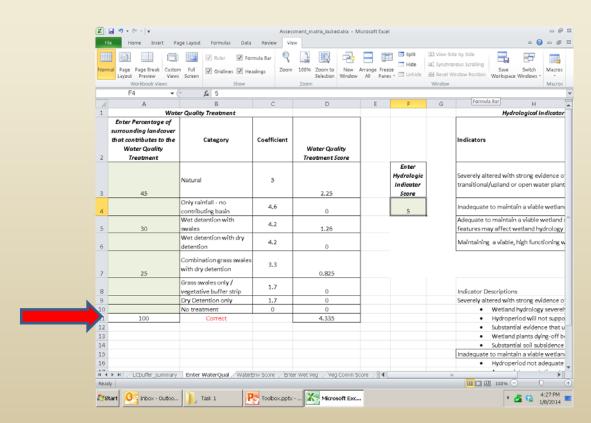
Part 1:

The water quality is assessed by evaluating the water quality treatment that the contributing basin is providing. The percentage of each treatment type is estimated.

The value equals 0 - 5

1. Enter the percentage of each water quality treatment.

Note: If the contributing basin is entirely closed and rain fed a value of 100% is entered for the "Only Rainfall Dependent - no contributing basin" – Water Quality Treatment Score of 4.6



The table indicates if the input equals 100% by displaying the red Correct.

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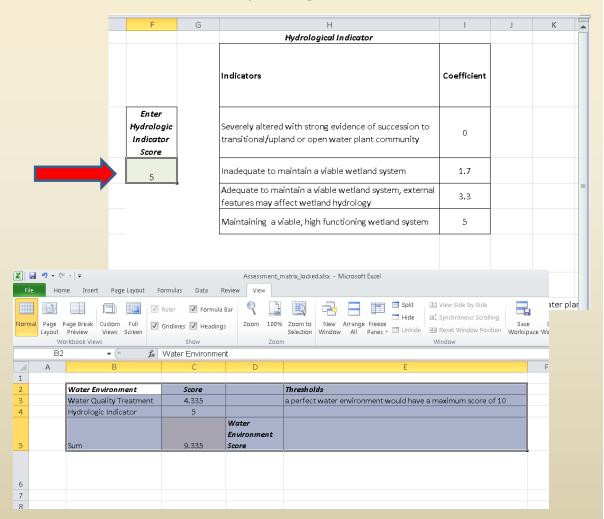
Water Environment

Part 2:

The hydrology is evaluated by hydrologic indicators in the wetland, ie. adventitious rooting, lichen lines, staining, upland vegetation encroachment, etc.

The values are 0, 1.7, 3.3 or 5

1. Enter the value for the hydrologic indicator score



The spreadsheet will sum the water environment scores and forward the summed value to the Wetland Score tab.

Water Environment

Indicator Descriptions:

Severely altered with strong evidence of succession to transitional/upland or open water plant community

- Wetland hydrology severely modified
- Hydroperiod will not support wetland plant species associated with the particular community type
- Substantial evidence that upland plant species are encroaching into the wetland because of decreased hydroperiod
- Wetland plants dying-off because of increased hydroperiod
- Substantial soil subsidence of organic soil substrates

Inadequate to maintain a viable wetland system

- Hydroperiod not adequate to maintain the type of wetland system that is being assessed
- Appropriate vegetation stressed or dying from too much or too little water;
 encroachment of transitional/upland plant species into wetland
- Evidence of soil subsidence of organic soil substrates

Adequate to maintain a viable wetland system, external features may affect wetland hydrology

- Hydroperiod appears adequate, but conditions (canals, ditches, swales, berms, reduced drainage area, culverts, pumps, control elevations, or wellfields) are possibly influencing the hydroperiod of the wetland being assessed
- Plants appear healthy, but some signs of improper hydrology are present
- Little evidence of soil subsidence of organic soil substrates

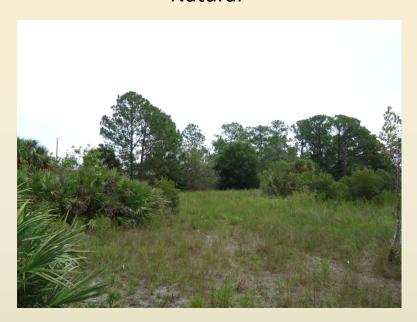
Maintaining a viable, high functioning wetland system

- Plants appear healthy, no signs of stress from improper hydrology are present
- Wetland has natural hydroperiod
- Not adjacent to features (canals, ditches, swales, berms, reduced drainage area, culverts, pumps, control elevations, or wellfields) that could negatively impact the wetland
- No sign of soil subsidence of organic soil substrates

The spreadsheet will sum the water environment scores and forward the summed value to the Wetland Score tab.

Examples of Water Quality Treatment Categories

Natural



Grass swales with dry detention / vegetative buffer strips



Examples of Hydrologic Indicators

Inadequate to maintain a viable wetland system – Note the pine and facultative broomsedge encroachment



Adequate to maintain a viable wetland system, external features may affect wetland hydrology

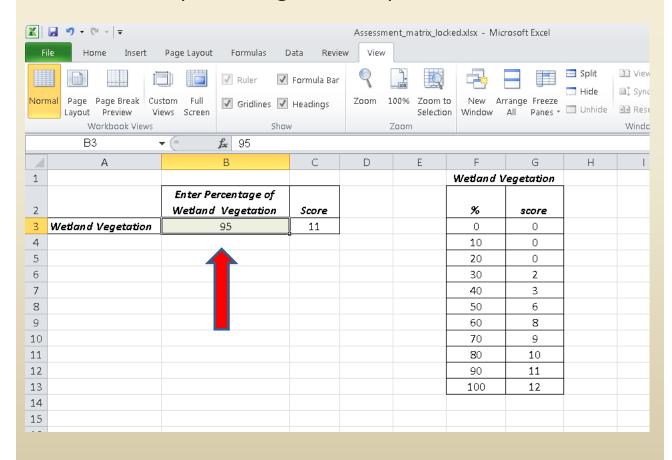


Vegetative Community

Vegetative Community is evaluated in two parts

Part 1

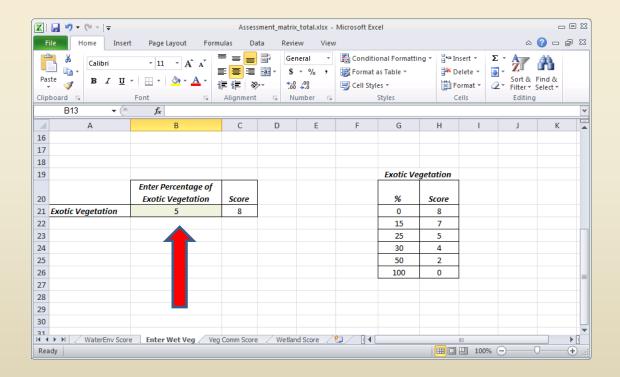
- 1. Estimate what percentage of vegetation is considered appropriate for the wetland type (ie. Facultative Wet or Obligate).
- 2. Enter the percentage in the spreadsheet



Vegetative Community

Part 2

- Estimate what percentage of vegetation is considered exotic or invasive species
- 2. Enter the percentage in the spreadsheet
- 3. The spreadsheet will calculate the score as the average of the appropriateness score and exotic score



The table will average the vegetative scores, unless the exotic value exceeds the wetland value at which point the score will be zero.

The spreadsheet forwards the vegetative score to the Wetland Score tab.

Vegetative Community

Observation of percentage of appropriateness of wetland vegetation – Notice encroachment of pines and facultative broomsedge

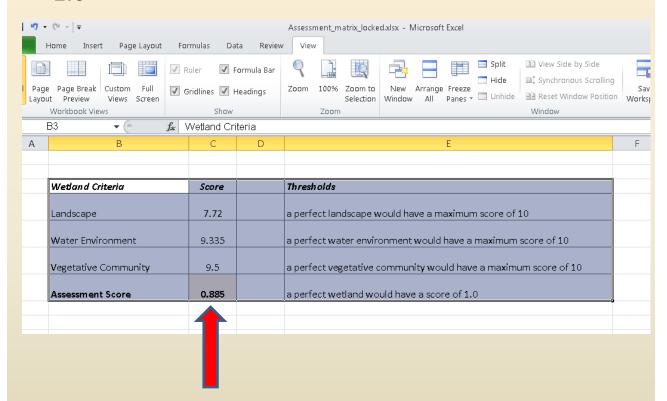


Observation of percentage of exotics or invasive vegetation – Notice density of Brazilian pepper versus no exotic vegetation



Wetland Score

- The overall wetland assessment score is calculated by summing all three section scores and dividing by 30
- Highest functioning wetlands will have a score near
 1.0



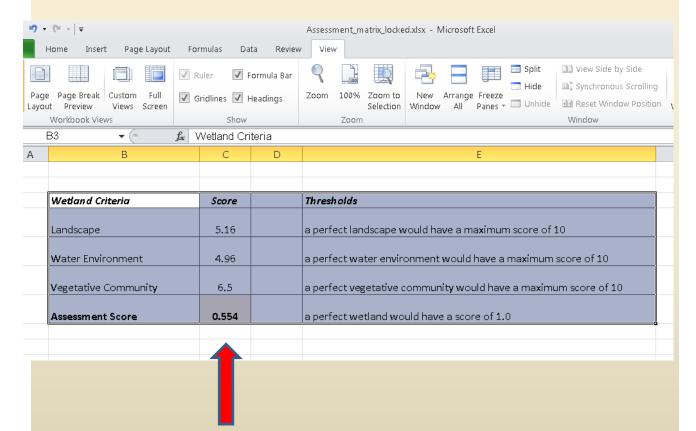
This example wetland ended with a calculated score of 0.885, which would indicate it is a High-Functioning wetland system. This system would require Commission approval to allow any impact.

The threshold for assessing if a wetland is considered "High-Functioning" has been determined to be **0.70** or higher.

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Wetland Score

- In this example, the wetland is in poor condition
- The score depicts that the wetland has impacted surroundings, degraded water quality, and a vegetative community composed of 20% exotic plants.



This example wetland ended with a calculated score of 0.554, which would indicate it is not a High-Functioning wetland system and could be impacted **without** Commission approval.