

#### TRIP GENERATION ANALYSIS Zoning Change CASABELLA BLOCK E LOT 1

It is proposed that the zoning of a 5-acre parcel on Wickham Road in Brevard County be changed from Neighborhood Commercial (NC) to multifamily residential to allow the development of up to 30 townhomes units. **Figure 1** depicts the site location and **Figure 2** depicts the conceptual plan of the townhomes. Under the existing zoning designation, the parcel has a FAR (Floor Area Ratio) of 0.75. The most intense allowable use would then be a retail commercial project with a total of 163,350 square feet ( 5 acres x 43,560 square feet x 0.75).

#### Trip Generation Comparison

The following table is a comparison of the trip generation for the most intense allowable uses for the existing and proposed zoning. The trip generation of the existing and proposed uses of the parcel was calculated with the use of data from the 11<sup>th</sup> Edition of the ITE Trip Generation Manual. As can be seen, the proposed zoning change will result in 6,911 less daily trips, 135 less A.M. peak hour trips and 554 less P.M. peak hour trips to be added to the area roadways. As per Brevard County Guidelines, a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) will be required if a development generates more than 1,000 daily trips or 100 P.M. peak hour trips. The proposed zoning change will not add any new trips to the area roadways and, therefore, a TIA is not required for the rezoning.

The Generation Analysis									
ITE Land Use		Size*	Da	Daily		A.M. Peak Hour **		P.M. Peak Hour**	
Code	Land USE	0126	Rate	Trips	Rate	Total	Rate	Total	
Existin	g Zoning/Neighborho	od Commer	cial with	0.75 FAR					
820	Shopping Center (>150 KSF)	163.350 KSF	61.89	10.109	1.41	230	3.70	804	
		10,109		230		804			
	Pas	9% AM)	2,932		81		233		
		let Trips	7,127		149		571		
Proposed Zoning Multifamily Residential									
215	Single Family Detached (Townhomes)	30 DU	7.20	216	0.47	14	0.57	17	
New Ne	et Trip decrease (-) Due	to Zoning C	hange	(-)6,911		(-)135		(-)554	

#### **Trip Generation Analysis**

\* KSF = 1,000 Sq Ft, DU= Dwelling Unit

\*\* Based Upon ITE Equations: (Trip Generation, sheets attached)

#### TPD #6074 04/09/2025





Casabella Townhomes Project № 6074 **Figure 1** 







Casabella Townhomes Project № 6074 **Figure 2** 



#### Evaluation of Adjacent Roadway

The adjacent roadway segment of Wickham Road is an urban principal arterial. It is a multilane highway with a daily traffic volume of 27,500 vehicles and a speed limit of 45 mph. Wickham Road has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 39,800 based upon its adopted LOS standard. A capacity analysis of Wickham Road based upon daily traffic conditions revealed satisfactory traffic operating conditions with excess traffic capacity available.

Daily Existing Capacity Analysis							
Roadway Segment #of Lns LOS MAV* Daily Volume Excess Capacity Available V/C							
Wickham Road							
4LD	D	39,800	27,500	12,300	0.69		
	#of Lns	Existing Cap	Existing Capacity A #of Lns LOS MAV*	Existing Capacity Analysis   #of Lns LOS MAV* Daily Volume	Existing Capacity Analysis     #of Lns   LOS   MAV*   Daily Volume   Excess Capacity Available		

#### Capacity at Adopted LOS

#### Conclusions

The proposed zoning change of Casabella Block E Lot 1 from neighborhood commercial to multifamily residential will result in less traffic added to the area roadways resulting in favorable traffic conditions. Furthermore, the proposed zoning will not require the conduct of a traffic study as per Brevard County Guidelines.



**Trip Generation Sheets** 

# Shopping Center (>150k) (820)

#### Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA On a: Weekday

Number of Studies:	108
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA:	538
Directional Distribution:	50% entering, 50% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
37.01	17.27 - 81.53	12.79

#### **Data Plot and Equation**



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	<b>enter (&gt;150k)</b> 20)
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	1000 Sq. Ft. GLA Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.
Setting/Location:	General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies:	44
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA:	546
	62% entering, 38% exiting

# Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.84	0.30 - 3.11	0.42

# **Data Plot and Equation**



Trip Gen Manual, 11th Edition

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	<b>Senter (&gt;150k)</b> (20)
Vehicle Trip Ends vs:	1000 Sq. Ft. GLA
On a:	Weekday,
	Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,
	One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.
Setting/Location:	General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies:	126
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA:	581
Directional Distribution:	48% entering, 52% exiting

#### Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GLA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
3.40	1.57 - 7.58	1.26

# **Data Plot and Equation**



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		Source	e: ITE Trip Gen	eration Mar	<i>ual ,</i> 11th Editio	on			
Land Use Code				<u> </u>	820				
Land Use					ng Center (> 150				
Setting					I Urban/Suburb				
Time Period	0.01		450 100		ay PM Peak Peri				
# Data Sites			en 150 and 30			6 Sites with GLA			
Average Pass-By Rate	29% for Sites wi	th GLA bet					LA betwee	n 300 and 900k	
-			Pass	s-By Charact	eristics for Indiv	vidual Sites			
•		Survey		Pass-By	No	n-Pass-By Trips		Adj Street Peak	
GLA (000)	State or Province	, Year	# Interviews	, Trip (%)	Primary (%)	Diverted (%)	Total (%)	Hour Volume	Sour
213	Florida	1990	312	28	31	41	72	_	33
225	Illinois	1994	264	35	32	33	65	1970	24
227.9	Kentucky	1993	—	34	35	31	66		34
235	Kentucky	1993	211	35	29	36	65	2593	2
255	lowa	1994	222	23	38	39	77	3706	24
256	Connecticut	1994	208	27	51	22	73	3422	24
293	Illinois	1994	282	24	70	6	76	4606	13
294	Pennsylvania	1994	213	24	48	18	76	4055	24
350	Massachusetts	1994	224	18	45	37	82	2112	24
361	Virginia	1994	315	17	54	29	83	2034	24
375	North Carolina	1994	214	29	48	23	71	2053	24
413	Texas	1994	228	28	51	21	72	589	24
418	Maryland	1994	281	20	50	30	80	5610	24
450	California	1994	321	23	49	28	77	2787	24
476	Washington	1994	234	25	53	22	75	3427	24
488	Texas	1994	257	12	75	13	88	1094	13
560	Virginia	1994	437	19	49	32	81	3051	24
581	Colorado	1994	296	18	53	29	82	2939	24
598	Colorado	1994	205	17	55	28	83	3840	24
633	Texas	1994	257	10	64	26	90		24
667	Illinois	1994	200	16	53	31	84	2770	24
738	New Jersey	1994	283	13	75	12	87	8059	24
800	California	1994	205	21	51	28	79	7474	24
808	California	1994	240	13	73	14	87	4035	24

# Single-Family Attached Housing (215)

### Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Dwelling Units On a: Weekday

Number of Studies:	22
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units:	120
Directional Distribution:	50% entering, 50% exiting

#### Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
7.20	4.70 - 10.97	1.61

#### **Data Plot and Equation**



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# Single-Family Attached Housing (215)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Dwelling Units Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.
Setting/Location:	General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies:	46
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units:	135
Directional Distribution:	25% entering, 75% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.48	0.12 - 0.74	0.14

#### **Data Plot and Equation**



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# Single-Family Attached Housing (215)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: On a:	Dwelling Units Weekday, Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic, One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.
Setting/Location:	General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies:	51
Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units:	136
Directional Distribution:	59% entering, 41% exiting

## Vehicle Trip Generation per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.57	0.17 - 1.25	0.18

## **Data Plot and Equation**



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