Melbourne-Tillman **Water Control District FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** Year Ended September 30, 2024

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Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Board of Directors As of September 30, 2024

<u>President</u>

Philip Weinberg

Vice President

Joseph N. Hale

Other Directors

Brant Hoffman

Keith Jerdon

Don Jordan

Drew Powshok

John Woltering

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District (the "District"), a dependent special district of Brevard County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditory Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information, as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Melbourne, Florida April 16, 2025

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

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The Melbourne Tillman Water Control District, a dependent special district of Brevard County, operates as an enterprise fund. A discussion of the District's financial performance for the year ending September 30, 2024 can be best understood given a brief background of the District.

History

The Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District is a dependent water control district of Brevard County reorganized in 1986 from its initial authorization as an independent district by the Florida Legislature in 1922. The District contains 100.8 square miles within its boundaries, approximately 64,500 acres. It is located in southern Brevard County and includes portions of the City of Palm Bay and the City of West Melbourne.

The District was initiated in the summer of 1921 through the presentation of a petition to the Circuit Court of Brevard County. This petition was for land reclamation for agricultural development and was signed by the required majority of landowners, by acreage, within the proposed boundaries of the District. After proper legal advertisement, a Decree was issued January 7, 1922 organizing and establishing the Melbourne-Tillman Drainage District under Chapter 6458, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1913. The proposed plan called for a network of canals that would, in conjunction with a western levee separating surface flows from the St. Johns River, divert runoff eastward to Turkey Creek. Construction of the approved canal and levee system began in November of 1922.

Construction of the canals and levee system continued through 1928 when operations ceased due to funding difficulties. Work was estimated to be 85 percent complete and did not include the outfall dam. Throughout the following decades the District persevered and was reorganized in 1986 as a dependent district of Brevard County under Chapter 86-418, Florida Statutes and later codified under its current authorization as Chapter 2001-336, Laws of Florida, as amended by Chapter 2003-334, Chapter 2010-235, and Chapter 2019-175, Laws of Florida.

Today, the District successfully operates and maintains seventy-five canals, totaling over 163 miles, and a major water control structure. The primary canal serving the District, Canal C-1, traverses the District from the western levee, east to the primary water control structure at the outfall to Turkey Creek, a distance of approximately 9 miles.

Legislative Authority

The District operates under the authority of Chapter 2001-336, Laws of Florida, as amended by Chapter 2003-334, Chapter 2010-235, and Chapter 2019-175, Laws of Florida. In 1986, the Florida Legislature "declared and determined ... that a special district ... would be the most responsive, efficient, and effective local government entity to secure, operate, and maintain an adequate, dependable surface water management system ...". The Legislature created and incorporated the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District as a dependent special district for the purpose of constructing, reconstructing and repairing, maintaining, and operating a surface water management system, previously managed by an independent district of the same name created pursuant to Chapter 298, Florida Statutes.

The District is governed by a seven (7) member Board appointed by the City of Palm Bay (3 members), Brevard County (3 members), and the City of West Melbourne (1 member). The singular qualification is that members must reside within District boundaries for the tenure of their service. The Board of Directors has the power to establish a water management system to prevent damage from flooding, soil erosion, and excessive drainage; to promote the conservation, development, and proper utilization of surface and ground water; to preserve natural resources, fish, and wildlife; maintain water quality; and to preserve and protect natural systems within and surrounding the District.

The Board may authorize the cleaning, straightening, widening or the change of course or flow, alter or deepen any canal, ditch, drain, watercourse or natural stream within the District boundaries. The building and construction of other works and improvements to preserve and maintain the works of the District are also authorized.

Funding

As a dependent district, the Board of Directors adopts a tentative annual operating budget for each fiscal year, to be approved by the Board of County Commissioners as an Enterprise Fund under the County's budget process.

District revenues consist of Operating Revenues (User Fee Charges for Services, Interest Income and Permit Fees) and Non-Operating Revenues (Balance Forward from Reserves for Operating and Capital). The User Fee Charges for Services, a non-ad valorem fee based on the County's assessment of property size and use, represents the largest component of the District's revenues, generally 90 to 95 percent.

Basic Financial Statements: This and Past Fiscal Years

The most recent fiscal year, 2024, concluded with operations within the approved budget limitations; similar to the performance of the previous year, 2023.

Assets

As of September 30, 2024, the District's total assets consisted of cash, investments, inventories, prepaids, property and equipment. Total assets increased from \$6,220k in 2023 to \$6,524k, reflecting an overall growth of \$304k. This increase was primarily driven by a \$608k rise in current investments and \$120k increase in property and equipment which was partially offset by a \$238k reduction in receivables from other governments and a \$134k decrease in prepaids plus a \$13k decrease in inventories.

Liabilities

As of September 30, 2024, the District's total liabilities included accounts payable, wages payable, accrued compensated absences, post-employment benefit obligations and pension liability. Total liabilities decreased \$208k from \$1,591k to \$1,383k. This reduction was primarily driven by a \$227k decrease in the net pension liability and a \$22k decrease in other post-employment benefit obligations. These decreases were partially offset by a \$41k increase in accounts payable, accrued wages and accrued compensated absences.

Revenues

The District's total operating revenues for 2024 experienced a decline compared to 2023. Revenue amounted to \$2,436k in 2024 as opposed to \$3,016k in 2023. This decrease was primarily attributed to the conclusion of the Save Our Indian River Lagoon – Cost Share Program. However, the decline was partially offset by a modest increase of \$40k in user fee revenue.

Program Expenses

The District's expenses are divided into four areas: wages and benefits; material and supplies; depreciation expense; repairs, maintenance and other expenses.

Wages and benefits encompass salaries and benefits for the District's budgeted staff of eighteen employees. These expenditures decreased by \$175k from 2023 to 2024. Total wages and benefits costs amounted to \$1,534k in 2024 compared to \$1,709k in 2023. The decrease in 2024 was primarily attributed to the staff count remaining steady at eighteen employees, along with a \$58k reduction in the annual required adjustments for the Florida Retirement System liability and other postemployment benefit obligations liability.

Material and supplies expenses decreased \$63k from \$294k to \$231k from 2023 to 2024. These costs primarily encompass aquatic herbicide, parts for in-house repairs, fuels, tax assessment and tax collection fees, and transfer expenses. The reduction was mainly attributed to lower expenditures for Fuel, Gas & Oil and decreased usage of Aquatic materials.

Repair and maintenance expenses include vehicle and equipment repair, facility and canal maintenance, repair and supply, and general insurance. Other expenses include communications, utilities, travel, training, professional services and administrative requirements. Total repair, maintenance and other expenses increased by \$32k from \$315k in 2023 to \$347k in 2024. This increase was due to a \$30k increase in general insurance.

Overall Financial Position

The District's net position increased by \$320k due to \$264k in interest income and \$8K on gain on disposal of fixed assets. As of September 30, 2024, the District has an unrestricted net position of \$3,726k and \$1,365k invested in capital assets.

Significant Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity

In 2024, the District's capital assets experience a slight increase, primarily due to major repairs and the replacement of outdated equipment. Notable purchases include:

2023 John Deere Skid Steer with Attachments (\$112k), 2023 Versa Rotary Flail Mower (\$45K), 2024 John Deere Mowing Tractor with a 2024 Diamond Boom Mower (\$199k).

Additionally, infrastructure enhancements involved replacement of one of the three Bard 3-ton A/C units in the District Office (\$6K). The District's leased copier was upgraded to a new Sharp copier (\$5k), while two Dell Desktop computers (\$2k) and the District Engineer's computer (\$6k) were replaced. Structural repairs were also completed on the District's Equipment Storage Building Roof (\$21k).

"New" means a piece of equipment not previously inventoried by the District – the actual equipment may be new or used. "Replacement" means a piece of equipment currently inventoried is being replaced. "Repair" means an existing piece of vehicle/equipment underwent significant repair work to keep it functioning.

No additional long-term debt was incurred and current long-term debt is zero (\$0).

Description of Currently Known Facts Expected To Have a Significant Effect on Financial Position

The District's user fee structure does not distinguish between developed and undeveloped parcels. Consequently, future growth – or the lack thereof – has limited impact on the District's revenue stream. Growth, defined as the development of agricultural lands or the build-out of large, undeveloped residential parcels (not platted) may have a minor effect on increasing revenues.

The District has reached the maximum allowable limit for its current user fee structure. Any future adjustments to the user fee rate structure will require legislative approval.

The completion of the St. Johns Heritage Parkway from Malabar Road to Ellis Road has facilitated increased development within the District's agricultural areas. Commercial development and anticipated growth stemming from future projects in this area have the potential to enhance the District's revenue, particularly as agricultural properties are reclassified as residential or commercial.

The District retains 20 acres in the western portion of the District. The District has no immediate plans for developing the 20 acres.

Requests for Information

Questions concerning any of the information provided or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Lisa Blackett, Assistant Manager/Administrative Operations, (321) 723-7233, 5990 Minton Road, Palm Bay, Florida 32907.

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MELBOURNE-TILLMAN WATER CONTROL DISTRICT

Basic Financial Statements

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Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Statement of Net Position

September 30,	2024
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 104,399
Investments, current	4,005,541
Due from other governments, net	234,882
Inventories	32,179
Total current assets	4,377,001
Noncurrent assets	
Investments, noncurrent	782,201
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	277,821
Depreciable, net	1,086,898
Total noncurrent assets	2,146,920
Total assets	6,523,921
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits	55,997
Deferred outflows - pension	211,981
Total deferred outflows of resources	267,978
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	37,047
Accrued wages payable	59,167
Compensated absences	150,382
Total current liabilities	246,596
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net other post-employment benefit liability	85,894
Net pension liability	1,050,554
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,136,448
Total liabilities	1,383,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow - other post-employment benefits	24,781
Deferred inflows - pension	292,975
Total deferred inflows of resources	317,756
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets	1,364,719
Unrestricted	3,726,380
Total net position	\$ 5,091,099

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended September 30,	2024
Operating Revenues	
User fees	\$ 2,314,878
Permit fees	121,287
Total operating revenues	2,436,165
Operating Expenses	
Wages and benefits	1,533,978
Material and supplies	230,860
Depreciation expense	275,971
Repairs, maintenance and other expenses	347,199
Total operating expenses	2,388,008
Operating Income	48,157
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income	263,678
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	8,007
Total non-operating revenues	271,685
Change in Net Position	319,842
Net position, beginning of year	4,771,257
Net position, end of year	\$ 5,091,099

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended September 30,		2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from users and government agencies	Ś	2,807,824
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	•	(565,132)
Cash paid to employees for services		(1,550,375)
		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net cash provided by operating activities		692,317
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets		(395,952)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		8,202
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(387,750)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments		263,678
Purchase of investments		(625,323)
Net cash used in investing activities		(361,645)
		(57.070)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(57,078)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		161,477
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	104,399

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the year ended September 30,	202
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	
Operating income	\$ 48,157
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	275,971
Changes in assets, deferred outflows,	
liabilities and deferred inflows:	
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows	
Inventories	12,947
Due from other governments, net	237,528
Deferred outflows - pension	24,968
Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits	(3,665
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows	
Accounts payable	(20
Net pension liability	(227,026
Deferred inflows - pension	145,028
Deferred inflow - other post-employment benefits	24,781
Net other post-employment benefit liability	(21,894
Accrued wages payable	41,411
Total adjustments	644,160
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 692,317

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District (the "District"), a dependent special district of Brevard County, Florida as defined under Sections 165.031(5) and 200.001(8)(d), Florida Statutes, was restructured October 1, 1986 by Chapter 86-418, Special Acts of Florida, from an independent district to a dependent district, to continue to provide a surface water management system by means of dikes and canals for 62,000 acres of land in South Brevard County. The District was originally organized and established by decree of the Circuit Court of Brevard County on January 7, 1922 as the Melbourne-Tillman Drainage District under Chapter 6458, Laws of Florida, Acts of 1913.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District, a dependent special district of Brevard County, is governed by a seven member Board of Directors comprised of three members appointed by the Brevard County Board of Commissioners, three members appointed by the City of Palm Bay and one member appointed by the City of West Melbourne. Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District does not meet the fiscal dependency and financial benefit or burden criteria and the County has determined that it would not be misleading to exclude the District from its reporting entity; therefore it is not included in the County's financial statements. The District remains a dependent special district of the County because the County approves the user fees.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The proprietary funds are reported using the *economic resource measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

The District uses the proprietary fund basis of presentation for its financial statements. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector. These funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The following is a description of the sole proprietary fund of the District.

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The District operates as an enterprise fund that accounts for the construction, operation and maintenance of the District.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

This fund is used to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of District facilities and services that are entirely or predominantly self-supported by user fees. The operations of enterprise funds are accounted for in such a manner as to show a profit or loss similar to comparable private enterprises.

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the enterprise fund is user fees charged to customers for services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, which mainly consists of wages, benefits, and materials, as well as administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary policy for the Board of Directors of the District involves establishing an annual operating expense budget. A tentative annual operating expense budget is to be adopted prior to July 1 of each year, and approved by the Brevard County Board of County Commissioners. Brevard County Board of County Commissioners action is required for the approval of a supplemental or amended budget.

Budgetary control is maintained at the line item level. The budget is prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All appropriations that are not expensed or committed lapse at year end.

Actual results of operations presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis) and the District's accounting policies do not recognize encumbrances as expenditures until the period in which the actual goods or services are received and a liability is incurred. It is necessary to include budgetary encumbrances to reflect actual revenues and expenditures on a basis consistent with the District's legally adopted budget.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

The investing of public funds with the State Board of Administration ("Florida Prime") is governed by Section 218.407, Florida Statutes. The investments with the State Board of Administration and Florida Counties Investment Trust consist largely of Federal Agency Obligations, Certificates of Deposit, Repurchase Agreements, Bankers Acceptance and Commercial Paper.

The District's investment in the Florida Prime is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is equal to the value of pooled shares. As of September 30, 2024, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

The District also invests in certificates of deposit held by a bank, which are held to maturity and are nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts. These certificates of deposit are valued at cost plus accrued interest per GASBC I50: *Investments*.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market method. Inventories consist of herbicides and supplies held for use in maintaining the canals. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are valued at historical cost or at fair market value for those assets contributed. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Land and rights of way are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment are depreciated using the straight line method.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation of the District's exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against their operations and is closed to net position. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the District's statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Capital assets	Lives
Buildings	25 years
Improvements other than buildings	5-25 years
Equipments	5-7 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

The District has two (2) items that qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources, the *deferred* outflows related to pensions and the deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits, both reported on the statement of net position. The deferred outflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P20: Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria. The deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized as either pension expense or a reduction in the net pension liability in future reporting years. The deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits are an aggregate of items related to other post-employment benefits as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P52: Other Post-employment Benefits. The deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits will be recognized as either benefits expense or a reduction in the net other post-employment benefits liability in future reporting years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two (2) items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P20: *Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria*. The deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years. The deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits will be recognized as either group health insurance expense or a reduction in the net other post-employment benefits liability in future reporting years.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position (Continued)

Compensated Absences

All regular full-time employees of the District are eligible for vacation leave. Each employee working a normal week earns vacation leave at certain rates depending on the employee's length of service. All vacation leave is accrued when earned in the statement of net position. Earned vacation leave may be accumulated provided the leave balance at the end of the calendar year does not exceed 300 hours. Hours in excess of 300 at the end of the calendar year are forfeited. Employees may trade earned vacation leave for payment one time annually under certain guidelines.

Sick leave is accumulated at a rate of 8 hours per month with less than 10 years of service, and at a rate of 12 hours per month with greater than 10 years of service. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 960 hours. Employees may trade earned sick leave for vacation leave or for payment up to a total of 320 hours annually under certain guidelines. Employees who resign in good standing will be paid for half of any unused sick leave up to a maximum of 480 hours.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The District participates in cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State, the Florida Retirement System. For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The District's employer contributions are recognized when due, and the District has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plan.

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The District participates in a single employer, defined benefit, other post-employment plan. The District does not have a trust for the plan, and there is no actuarial determined contribution. The OPEB liability is determined in accordance with GASBC P52: Other Post-employment Benefits.

Revenues

The District is permitted by state law to levy user fees. The user fees assessed are computed by the designation of land classification to parcels of land, based on three different classifications of land use, multiplied by a specified billing rate. The billing rate used has been determined by the Board of Directors and approved by the Brevard County Commission.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

User fee assessment and collection have been consolidated with Brevard County. A service fee is paid to the County for a proportionate share of the tax roll cost. The County tax collector periodically remits collections and their fees are deducted from the disbursement received by the District. Brevard County's assessments calendar is as follows:

Lien date - January 1

Levy date - Prior to September 30

Due date - November 1

Delinquent date - April 1

All user fees considered part of the County tax for enforcement and collection purposes remaining unpaid at May 30 are subject to a tax certificate sale by the Tax Collector.

The District also recognizes revenue from the issuance of permits, interest earnings on investments, and other miscellaneous sources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to the defined benefit pension plans and OPEB.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, April 16, 2025, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

The District implemented the following standard during the current year.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). There were no significant impacts of implementing this statement.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The District is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

Note 2: DETAIL NOTES - ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

Deposits and Investments

At September 30, 2024, the District's carrying amount of cash deposits was \$104,199 and the bank balance was \$96,170. In addition, the District reported petty cash of \$200. As of September 30, 2024, the District maintains cash balances at several banks that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the District pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Note 2: DETAIL NOTES - ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The investment program is established in accordance with the District's investment policy, pertinent bond resolutions and Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, which allows the District to invest in the Florida State Board of Administration intergovernmental investment pool or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, direct obligations of the United States Government, obligations of the different agencies of the Federal Government, registered money market funds and accounts of state qualified public depositories.

The investing of public funds with the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) - Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund is governed by Section 218.407, Florida Statutes. The SBA is under regulatory oversight of the State of Florida. The investment pool consists largely of corporate notes and commercial paper. On September 30, 2024, the District had \$4,005,541 invested. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pooled shares or net asset value.

At September 30, 2024, the District had the following investments:

				Investment Maturities (in years)								
	Cost F	Plus Accrued								More		
Investment type		Interest	Le	ess than 1			1 - 5	5	6 - 10	than 10	Rating	Agency
Certificates of												
Deposit	\$	782,201	\$	-	\$		-	\$	782,201	\$ -	NR	
Total	\$	782,201	\$	-	\$		-	\$	782,201	\$ -		

The Florida Prime investments in external pools, though measured at fair value, are not categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The District had \$4,005,541 in investments in the SBA Florida Prime at September 30, 2024.

Custodial credit risk — Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the District places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of September 30, 2024, the District's pension investments are held in street name in the form of stock, debt securities and U.S. government bonds through a financial brokerage firm and are segregated out from the assets and investments held by other clients of the investment firm and their own assets.

Note 2: DETAIL NOTES - ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will rise and reduce the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy limits interest rate risk by requiring that an attempt be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. In addition, investments of current operating funds are required to have maturities of no longer than twelve months. A portfolio's WAL is the dollar weighted average length of time until securities held reach maturity. A portfolio's WAM is the dollar weighted average maturity. The WAL of the Florida Prime was 74 days and the WAM was 39 days at September 30, 2024.

Credit risk – Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires that governments provide information about credit risk associated with their investments by disclosing the credit rating of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investment policy limits investments to securities with specific ranking criteria.

Concentration risk — Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires disclosures of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S government, investments in mutual funds, external investments pools and other pooled investments. The District's investment policy does not address concentration risk.

Note 2: DETAIL NOTES - ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2024:

		Beginning				
Business-type activities:		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Е	nding Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	277,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$	277,820
Rights-of-way		1	-	-		1
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		277,821	-	-		277,821
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings		468,397	27,250	-		495,647
Improvements other than buildings						
Outfalls		7,043,643	-	-		7,043,643
Water control structure		1,105,535	-	-		1,105,535
Site plan improvements		510,278	-	-		510,278
Equipment						
Vehicles and heavy equipment		3,998,624	356,336	(28,505)		4,326,455
Small equipment		76,679	-	-		76,679
Office furniture and fixtures		66,997	12,366	(840)		78,523
Total capital assets being depreciated		13,270,153	395,952	(29,345)		13,636,760
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(368,572)	(14,590)	-		(383,162)
Improvements other than buildings						
Outfalls		(7,043,643)	-	-		(7,043,643)
Water control structure		(1,105,535)	-	-		(1,105,535)
Site plan improvements		(493,877)	(4,060)	-		(497,937)
Equipment						
Vehicles and heavy equipment		(3,179,038)	(248,700)	28,505		(3,399,233)
Small equipment		(61,704)	(3,764)	-		(65,468)
Office furniture and fixtures		(50,673)	(4,857)	646		(54,884)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,303,042)	(275,971)	29,151		(12,549,862)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		967,111	119,981	(194)		1,086,898
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	1,244,932	\$ 119,981	\$ (194)	\$	1,364,719

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2024 was \$275,971.

The rights-of-way consist of canals and rights of access to the canals acquired by the District at the inception of the District. Due to the uncertainty of the fair market value, management determined all the rights-of-way were recorded at a nominal value of \$1 in total, as of inception of the District.

Due From Other Governments, Net

Due from other governments, net, consists of receivables from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). FEMA receivables are passed through the Florida Division of Emergency Management for Hurricane Irma costs that were obligated for payment in prior fiscal years but not yet paid. \$223,189 is due from the federal government and \$11,693 due from the State of Florida. These costs are net of an allowance of \$4,351 for questioned contract costs.

Note 2: DETAIL NOTES - ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2024.

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 119,598 \$	64,202 \$	(33,418) \$	150,382	\$ 150,382

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of Plans

The District participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011,

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$7.50. The minimum payment is \$45, and the maximum payment is \$225 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS Pension Plan. The employer's contribution rates as of September 30, 2024, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular class	11.63%	2.00%
Special risk class	30.79%	2.00%
Senior management service class	32.52%	2.00%
Elected officials	56.68%	2.00%
DROP from FRS	19.13%	2.00%

The employer's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2024 were \$122,081 to the FRS Pension Plan and \$21,083 to the HIS Program.

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on its share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

		FRS		HIS
Net pension liability	\$	685,986	\$	364,568
Proportion at:				
Current measurement date	0.0	001773275%	C	0.002430295%
Prior measurement date	0.0	002155348%	C	0.002636696%
Pension expense	\$	62,147	\$	5,827

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

....

Deferred Deferred Deferred Outlfows of Inflows of Outlfows of Resources Resources Resources Differences between expected and actual	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Resources Resources	
	Resources
Differences between expected and actual	
· ·	
experience \$ 69,303 \$ - \$ 3,520 \$	(700)
Changes in assumptions 94,021 - 6,452	(43,160)
Net difference between projected and actual	
earnings on pension plan investments - (45,594) - Changes in proportion and differences	(132)
between employer contributions and	
proportionate share of contributions 5,528 (160,449) 4,068 Employer contributions subsequent to the	(42,940)
measurement date 24,087 - 5,002	-
Total \$ 192,939 \$ (206,043) \$ 19,042 \$	(86,932)

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2025. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	FRS	HIS
2025	\$ 3,294	\$ (11,826)
2026	(35,788)	(14,591)
2027	(2,609)	(21,255)
2028	(123)	(14,861)
2029	(1,965)	(8,097)
Thereafter	-	(2,262)
Total	\$ (37,191)	\$ (72,892)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans were measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2024. For the HIS Program, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2024. The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.50%	3.50%
Investment rate of return	6.70%	N/A
Discount rate	6.70%	3.93%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB-2010 base tables projected generationally with Scale MP-2021.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2023.

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2024:

For FRS and HIS: The payroll assumed growth rate, including inflation increased from 3.25% to 3.50%.

All demographic assumptions and methods were reviewed as part of the 2024 Experience Study. Changes were adopted by the 2024 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference during its meeting in October 2024.

For HIS: The discount rate used in calculation of the pension liability increased from 3.65% to 3.93%.

The coverage election assumptions were updated to reflect recent and anticipated future experience of HIS program participants. Changes were adopted by the 2024 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference during its 2024 meeting.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation.

	Target	Annual Arithmetic	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	(Geometric) Return
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%
Fixed income	29.0%	5.7%	5.6%
Global equity	45.0%	8.6%	7.0%
Real estate	12.0%	8.1%	6.8%
Private equity	11.0%	12.4%	8.8%
Strategic investments	2.0%	6.6%	6.2%
Total	100%		

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.70%. FRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 3.93% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index rate as of June 30, 2024 was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

		FRS		HIS									
		Current		Current									
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase							
	(5.70%)	(6.70%)	(7.70%)	(2.93%)	(3.93%)	(4.93%)							
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension													
liability	\$ 1,206,626	\$ 685,986	\$ 249,840	\$ 415,014	\$ 364,568	\$ 322,690							

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the State's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. Required employer contributions made to the plan during the year ended September 30, 2024, totaled \$30,489.

Note 4: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan description

As a dependent District of Brevard County, Florida (the "County"), the District is a member of the County's benefit plan. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides health care benefits including medical coverage and prescription drug benefits to its employees and their eligible dependents. Pursuant to Section 112.0801 Florida Statutes, the District is required to provide eligible retirees (as defined in the County's pension plan) the opportunity to participate in this Plan at the same cost that is applicable to active employees.

Employees who are active participants in the Plan at the time of retirement and are either age 62 with completion of six years of service or have 30 years of service are eligible to receive benefits. The District's portion of the Plan includes 10 inactive retirees and a total of 17 active participants.

Benefit provisions can only be amended by the Board. On at least an annual basis, and prior to the enrollment process, the Board approves the rates for the coming year for the retiree, employee and County contributions. The Board or District does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this Plan. All financial information related to the Plan is accounted for in the District's basic financial statements.

Funding policy

The maximum employer contribution target is 56% of the annual premium cost of the Plan. The annual premium costs are between \$1,319 and \$1,466 for retirees and spouses under age 65 and between \$165 and \$508 for retirees and spouses over age 65. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2006 are eligible to receive 100% of the earned percentage of benefits for their lifetime upon attainment of age 62 and completion of six years of service or upon completing 30 years of service, if earlier. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2006 are eligible to receive a graduated earned percentage of benefits upon retirement based on years of service.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, none of the contribution was attributed to the District.

Plan Membership

At October 1, 2024 OPEB membership consisted of the following:

	Number of covered
	individuals
Active members	17
Inactive members	10
Total	27

Note 4: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2024 actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 100.00 percent of the rate of medical inflation.

Salary increases 2.00 percent projected annual salary increase

A 06 percent investment rate of return

Discount rate 4.06 percent investment rate of return

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.00 percent deducing to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 56.00 percent of annual premium cost

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the October 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal, Level Percent of Pay cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.50%. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

At September 30, 2024 the District reported a Net OPEB liability of \$85,894. The GASB 75 information has been provided as of the September 30, 2024 measurement date.

	Increase (Decrease)												
		Net OPEB											
		Liability		Net Position		Liability							
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)							
Balance as of October 1, 2023 for FYE 2023	\$	107,788	\$	-	\$	107,788							
Changes for the year:				-		_							
Service cost		8,488		-		8,488							
Interest		(6,686)		-		(6,686)							
Changes of assumptions		9,364		-		9,364							
Difference between expected and													
actual experience		(21,337)		-		(21,337)							
Benefit payments		(11,723)		-		(11,723)							
Net changes		(21,894)		-		(21,894)							
Balance as of October 1, 2024 for FYE 2024	\$	85,894	\$	-	\$	85,894							

Note 4: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs (Continued)

The discount rate, 4.06% as of September 30, 2024 declined from a discount rate of 4.77% for the prior period ended September 30, 2023. The methods, assumptions, and participant data used are detailed in the actuarial valuation report dated October 1, 2024 with the exception of the actuarial cost method. These calculations are based on the Entry Age Normal cost method required by GASBC P52.

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability

The following table represents the District's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.06%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.06%) or one percentage point higher (5.06%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.06%)	(4.06%)	(5.06%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 94,329	\$ 85,894	\$ 78,557

The following table represents the District's total and net OPEB liability calculated using the health care cost trend rate, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		H	lealthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(3.50%)		(4.50%)	(5.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 78,335	\$	85,894	\$ 94,587

Note 4: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resourced related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the District recognized an OPEB expense of \$5,381. In addition the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Def	erred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
		of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	16,450	\$ (16,044)
Change of assumptions		39,547	(8,737)
Total	\$	55,997	\$ (24,781)

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resourced related to OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in the expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	
2025	\$ 3,579
2026	3,579
2027	4,896
2028	7,286
2029	4,461
Thereafter	7,415
Total	\$ 31,216

Note 5: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Due to the District's structure and the nature in which Board Members are appointed, the County is considered a related party to the District. During the year ended September 30, 2024, the District paid tax assessment and collection fees to the County of \$53,871.

Note 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to theft, natural disasters, damage to or destruction of assets, equipment, and monetary assets as well as liability for personal injury, property damage and consequence of public officials. In order to limit this exposure, the District purchases insurance related to property and inland marine coverage, general liability, public officials and employment practices liability, automobile, crime, workers' compensation, pollution liability and common declaration and endorsements to cover heavy equipment. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage in any of the past three fiscal years and there has not been a reduction in coverage levels for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System (FRS)*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0018%	0.0022%	0.0023%	0.0023%	0.0027%	0.0026%	0.0024%	0.0024%	0.0027%	0.0025%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 685,986	\$ 858,838	\$ 852,967 \$	177,301	\$ 1,159,891	\$ 893,828 \$	724,584	\$ 717,706	\$ 684,373	\$ 327,442
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,058,545	\$ 1,035,061	\$ 941,085 \$	916,635	\$ 902,650	\$ 884,895	775,202	\$ 639,294	\$ 758,656	\$ 769,218
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	64.80%	82.97%	90.64%	19.34%	128.50%	101.01%	93.47%	112.27%	90.21%	42.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.70%	82.38%	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%
	Healt	h Insurance Sub	osidy (HIS)*							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0024%	0.0026%	0.0027%	0.0027%	0.0029%	0.0028%	0.0027%	0.0028%	0.0031%	0.0030%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 364,568	\$ 418,742	\$ 288,252 \$	335,408	\$ 353,278	\$ 312,696 \$	290,607	\$ 297,028	\$ 356,596	\$ 307,877
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,058,545	\$ 1,035,061	\$ 941,085 \$	916,635	\$ 902,650	\$ 884,895	775,202	\$ 639,294	\$ 758,656	\$ 769,218
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.44%	40.46%	30.63%	36.59%	39.14%	35.34%	37.49%	46.46%	47.00%	40.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.80%	4.12%	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Florida Retirement System (FRS)

		2024	2023	}	202	2	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	122,081	\$ 115,	690	\$ 107,951	\$	89,935 \$	95,347	\$ 86,121	\$	71,994	\$ 64,704	\$	69,492 \$	61,808
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(122,081)	(115,	690)	(107,951)	(89,935)	(95,347)	(86,121)	((71,994)	(64,704)		(69,492)	(61,808)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	- (\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	1,053,893	\$ 1,072,	499	\$ 922,748	\$	906,146 \$	902,496	\$ 903,111	\$ 8	330,246	\$ 610,069	\$	726,968 \$	758,656
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.58%	10	.79%	11.70%	6	9.93%	10.56%	9.54%		8.67%	10.61%		9.56%	8.15%
Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS)															
		2024	2023	}	202	2	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	,	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	21,083	\$ 17	,968	\$ 16,726	\$	15,220 \$	16,677	\$ 16,043	\$	14,925	\$ 14,523	\$	15,432 \$	11,540

	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 21,083	\$	17,968	\$	16,726 \$	•	15,220 \$	1	.6,677	\$	16,043	\$	14,925	\$ 14,523	\$ 15,432	\$ 11,540
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(21,083)		(17,968)		(16,726)		(15,220)	(10	6,677)		(16,043)		(14,925)	(14,523)	(15,432)	(11,540)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	•	- \$		- ;	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,053,893	\$ 1,	,072,499	\$	922,748 \$;	906,146 \$	90	2,496	\$	903,111	\$	830,246	\$ 610,069	\$ 726,968	\$ 758,656
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.00%		1.68%		1.81%		1.68%		1.85%		1.78%		1.80%	2.38%	2.12%	1.52%

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios –

Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2024	2024 2023			2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Service cost	\$ 8,488	\$	8,719	\$	4,357	\$ 1,774	\$ 4,051	\$ 3,843	\$ 7,250	
Interest	(6,686)		4,643		2,003	2,706	1,277	1,731	2,636	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(21,337)		-		16,715	(14,656)	57,143	(8,304)	(33,870)	
Changes of assumptions	9,364		39,230		(13,168)	(4,187)	49,463	1,669	(1,948)	
Benefit payments	(11,723)		(25,255)		(23,792)	(35,474)	(5,714)	(3,630)	(8,101)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(21,894)		27,337		(13,885)	(49,837)	106,220	(4,691)	(34,033)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	107,788		80,451		94,336	144,173	37,953	42,644	76,677	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 85,894	\$	107,788	\$	80,451	\$ 94,336	\$ 144,173	\$ 37,953	\$ 42,644	
Covered-employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of	\$ 1,012,250	\$	978,750	\$	961,835	\$ 878,833	\$ 1,077,851	\$ 1,021,337	\$ 926,931	
covered-employee payroll	8.49%		11.01%		8.36%	10.73%	13.38%	3.72%	4.60%	

Note 1: Only seven years of data are available for other post-employment benefits in accordance with GASBC P52: Other Post-employment Benefits.

ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Melbourne, Florida April 16, 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District (the "District"), a dependent special district of Brevard County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated April 16, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The finding 2023-001 Revenue Recognition was repeated in the current year as finding 2024-001. The first year the finding was reported was 2023.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District is disclosed in the footnotes. Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District has no component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the recommendation below.

IC 2024-001 Revenue Recognition— Control Deficiency

Criteria: GASB Codification (GASBC) 1600, Basis of Accounting requires governmental funds use the use the full accrual basis of accounting when recognizing revenue for enterprise funds.

Condition: The District made an unnecessary adjusting journal entry to correct due from other governments and intergovernmental revenue, that was not required based on the supporting documents.

Cause: The unnecessary correcting journal entry was made due to an internal misunderstanding of the accounting treatment for intergovernmental revenues and receivables. The accounting personnel incorrectly assessed the need for the correction without consulting the original transaction details and applicable standards.

Effect: Intergovernmental revenue was understated by \$19,166 and due from other governments was understated by \$19,166.

Recommendation: CRI recommends that the District reviews payments when received to verify whether the payment was already recorded as revenue.

Management's Response: The District sought guidance on the proper method to record intergovernmental income but misinterpreted the directive provided. The District acknowledges the importance of addressing this issue and agrees with the recommendation to review payments both upon receipt and prior to making adjusting journal entries. This process will ensure that payments are not incorrectly recorded as revenue, thereby maintaining accuracy in financial reporting.

Specific Information (Unaudited)

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District reported the schedule below. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

fiscal year as 17 b. Total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was None paid in the last month of the District's fiscal year as c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, \$ 1,053,893 regardless of contingency as

a. Total number of District employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's

d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors,

with the total expenditures for such projects as

whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the District that is scheduled to begin after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together None

None

f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the District amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes as follows:

				Variance with
				Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
Year ended September 30, 2024	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
O constitut Borrows				
Operating Revenues	± aa .a=	4	± 0 0	4 (10101=)
User fees	\$ 2,416,125	\$ 2,416,125	\$ 2,314,878	\$ (101,247)
Permit fees	40,000	40,000	121,287	81,287
Total operating revenues	2,456,125	2,456,125	2,436,165	(19,960)
Operating Expenses				
Wages and benefits	1,736,758	1,736,758	1,533,978	202,780
Material and supplies	366,255	315,363	230,860	84,503
Depreciation expense	-	-	275,971	(275,971)
Repairs, maintenance and other expenses	407,070	413,070	347,199	65,871
Total operating expenses	2,510,083	2,465,191	2,388,008	77,183
				_
Operating Income (Loss)	(53,958)	(9,066)	48,157	57,223
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	50.000	50.000	262.670	242.670
Interest income	50,000	50,000	263,678	213,678
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	-		8,007	8,007
Total non-operating revenues	50,000	50,000	271,685	221,685
Change in net position	(3,958)	40,934	319,842	278,908
Net position, beginning of year,				
as previously reported	4,771,257	4,771,257	4,771,257	-
Prior period adjustment	-	· · ·	- -	-
Net position, beginning of year,				
as restated	4,771,257	4,771,257	4,771,257	-
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,767,299	\$ 4,812,191	\$ 5,091,099	\$ 278,908

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)8., Rules of the Auditor General, the Melbourne-Tillman Water Improvement District reported:

a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem mileage rates imposed by the District as	None
b. The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by or on behalf of the District as	None
c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the District and the terms of such	None
bonds as	None

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)9., Rules of the Auditor General, the Melbourne-Tillman Water Improvement District reported:

a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District as	None
b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District as	None
c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the District and the terms of such	None
bonds as	None

Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Programs

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As required by Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a., Rules of the Auditor General, the District did not operate a PACE program pursuant to Section 163.081 or Section 163.082, Florida Statutes, within the District's geographical boundaries during the fiscal year under audit.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida April 16, 2025 THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

To the Board of Directors

Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District

We have examined Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2024. Management of Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District is responsible for Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including as assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Melbourne-Tillman Water Control District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2024.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida April 16, 2025

arr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.